Title	Psychosocial and physical work environment factors at three workplaces
	dealing with materials handling
Author	Anders Ingelgard, Hakan Karlsson, Kathe Nones, Roland Ortengren
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Abstract	The aim of the study was to increase the empirically based knowledge of factors
	influencing the perceived musculoskeletal discomfort among workers in the field
	of materials handling. Recent research has shown that not only the physical, but
	also the psychosocial work environment can influence the perception of
	musculoskeletal discomfort. The survey was carried out in three retailing shops,
	to a large extent dealing with materials handling. Three different sets of questions
	were used measuring psychosocial work climate, perceived musculoskeletal
	discomfort, and perceived physical workload. The data obtained was statistically
	analysed to evaluate whether there were any relations between the different work
	environment factors. The correlation between some psychosocial factors and
	Work Load Index, suggests that a higher level of workload correlates with a less
	satisfactory psychosocial work environment. This is especially true for the
	psychosocial factors Psychological workload and Influence on and control of'er
	work. The results revealed no strong correlations or differences in musculoskeletal
	discomfort neilher in groups scoring low nor in groups scoring high on
	psychosocial factors. On the other hand, background factors, such as number of
	working hours per week and sex, seemed to influence the musculoskeletal
	discomfort. In order to further develop the study design, it might be necessary to
	improve the quantification of the workload measure and to separate
	musculoskeletal discomfort caused in other environments from that caused by the
	work environment studied.