24 Title	Job demands, job resources and meaning at work
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Abstract	Purpose – This paper aims to identify longitudinal associations between job demands, job resources
	and experience of meaning at work.
	Design/methodolgy/approach - Using data from a longitudinal survey study among 6,299
	employees in Danish eldercare who were divided into 301 work-groups, experience of meaning at
	work was predicted from a series of job demands and job resources measured at individual level and
	group level.
	Findings – A combination of individual-level and group-level measures of job demands and job
	resources contributed to predicting meaning at work. Meaning at work at follow-up was predicted
	by meaning at work at baseline, role ambiguity, quality of leadership, and influence at work at
	individual level and emotional demands at group level. Individual-level measures of job demands
	and job resources proved stronger predictors of meaning at work than group-level measures.
	Research limitations/implications – Psychosocial job demands and job resources predict
	experience of meaning at work.
	Practical implications – Experience of meaning at work constitutes an important organizational
	resource by contributing to the capacities of employees to deal with work-related stresses and
	strains, while maintaining their health and well-being.
	Social implications – Experience of meaning at work is positively associated with well-being and
	reduces risk for long-term sickness absence and turnover. Attention towards enhancing employee
	experiences of meaning at work may contribute towards the ability of western societies to recruit
	the necessary supply of labour over the coming decades.
	Originality/value – This is the first study to provide longitudinal, multi-level evidence on the
	association between job demands, job resources and experience of meaning at work.