Title	Job satisfaction as an indicator of the quality of employment
Author	Stanley E. Seashore
Source	Social Indicators Research volume
Pub Date	1974
Abstract	It is suggested that the quality of employment should be assessed from the
	value perspectives of the employer and of society as well as the perspective of
	the worker. The prevailing conception of the nature of job satisfaction, and the
	associated measurement methods, provide useful but unnecessarily limited
	indicators of the quality of employment. An enlarged conception is offered as to
	the nature of job satisfaction, its causes, and its possible consequences. The
	implications of this conception for the utility of satisfaction measures as social
	indicators are examined as to three aspects: The psychology of job satisfaction;
	The sociology of job satisfaction; The approach and technology of using
	subjective satisfaction measures in conjunction with other indicators. The view is
	expressed that direct measures of subjective job satisfaction are an essential
	component in any effort to make comparisons or monitor changes in the quality
	of employment, but that such measures, like other subjective and objective
	indicators, have ambiguous meaning if used alone.